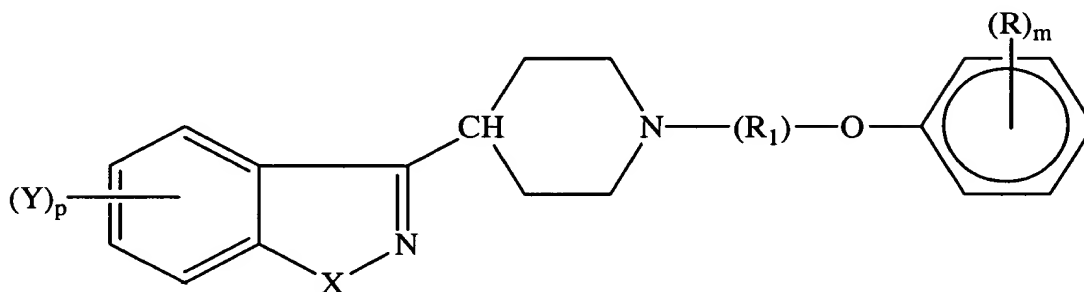


In the Claims

Please amend Claim 80 as follows.

80. (Amended five times) A compound as claimed in claim 1 [of the formula:



wherein

X is -O- or -S-;

p is 1 or 2;

Y is hydrogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, or amino, when p is 1;

Y is lower alkoxy, hydroxy and halogen when p is 2 and X is -O-;

(R<sub>1</sub>) is R<sub>20</sub>, R<sub>21</sub>, or R<sub>22</sub>, wherein:

R<sub>20</sub> is -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>- where n is 2, 3, 4 or 5;

R<sub>21</sub> is

-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-,

-CH<sub>2</sub>-C≡C-CH<sub>2</sub>-,

-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-,

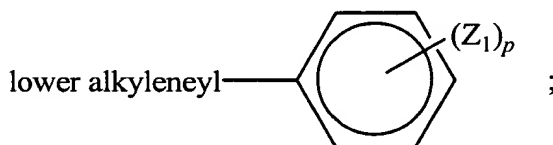
-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH-CH<sub>2</sub>-,

$-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$ , or

$-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-$ ,

the  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$  bond being cis or trans;

$\text{R}_{22}$  is  $\text{R}_{20}$  or  $\text{R}_{21}$  in which one or more carbon atoms of  $\text{R}_{20}$  or  $\text{R}_{21}$  are substituted by at least one  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$  linear alkyl group, phenyl group or



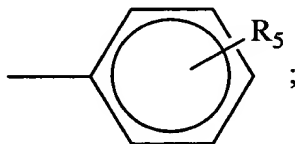
where  $\text{Z}_1$  is lower alkyl,  $-\text{OH}$ , lower alkoxy,  $-\text{CF}_3$ ,  $-\text{NO}_2$ ,  $-\text{NH}_2$  or halogen; and  $\text{R}$  and  $m$  are as defined hereinafter;

$m$  is 1, 2, or 3; and

when  $m$  is 1, 2, or 3,  $\text{R}$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxyl, carboxyl, chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, amino, lower mono or dialkylamino, nitro, lower alkyl thio, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, acylamino, trifluoromethyl, trifluoroacetyl, aminocarbonyl, monoalkylaminocarbonyl, dialkylaminocarbonyl, formyl,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{-O-alkyl}$ ,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{-aryl}$ ,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{-heteroaryl}$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{OR}^7)\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $-\text{C}(=\text{W})\text{-alkyl}$ ,  $-\text{C}(=\text{W})\text{-aryl}$ , and  $-\text{C}(=\text{W})\text{-heteroaryl}$ ;

alkyl is lower alkyl;

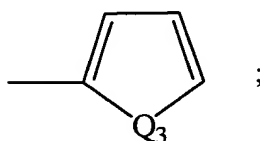
aryl is phenyl or



where  $\text{R}_5$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy,

chlorine, fluorine, bromine, iodine, lower  
monoalkylamino, lower dialkylamino, nitro, cyano,  
trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy;

heteroaryl is



$Q_3$  is  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-NH-$ ,  $-CH=N-$ ;

$W$  is  $CH_2$  or  $CHR_8$  or  $N-R_9$ ;

$R_7$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl, or acyl;

$R_8$  is lower alkyl;

$R_9$  is hydroxy, lower alkoxy, or  $-NHR_{10}$ ; and

$R_{10}$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl,  $C_1-C_3$  acyl, aryl,

$-C(=O)-$ aryl or  $-C(=O)-$ heteroaryl,

where aryl and heteroaryl are as defined above;

and]

with the proviso that when  $m$  is 3,  $R$  is not  $-C(=O)-$ heteroaryl or

$-C(=W)-$ heteroaryl;

[all geometric, optical and stereoisomers thereof,] or a pharmaceutically acceptable  
acid addition salt thereof.